

Applications of NanoDiamond in Thermally Conductive / Electrically Nonconductive Polymers

Gavin Farmer – Carbodeon / Business Development

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www.cir-strategy.com/events

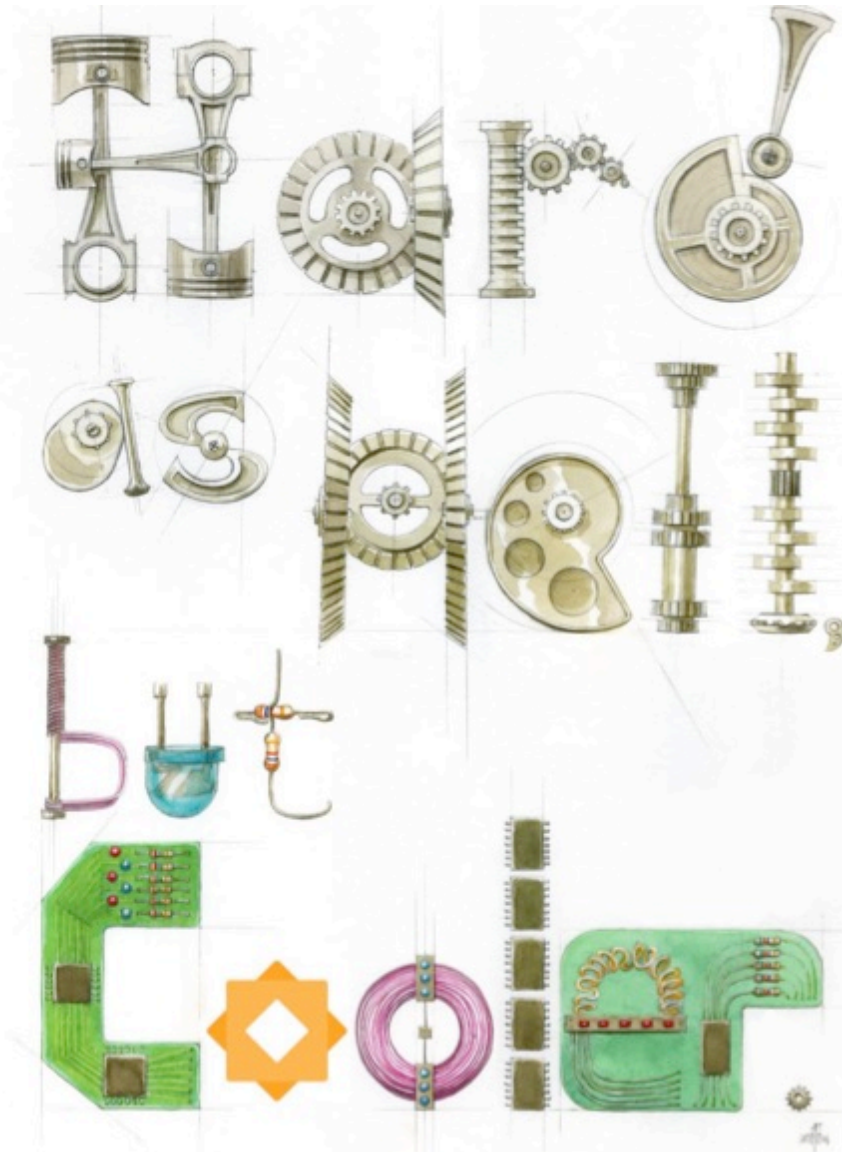


Carbodeon in Brief

- uDiamond® NanoDiamonds
 - >12 M€ investment in NanoDiamond production and application technologies
- Offering
 - **For Engineering polymers**
 - 20-200% improvement in thermal conductivity
 - Tailored glass transition temperature
 - Significant improvements in compound mechanical properties
 - *For Wear and corrosion resistant metal coatings*
 - >200% improvement in electroless nickel coating wear resistance, without impairing friction or corrosion properties
 - *For Industrial polymer coatings*
 - Fluoropolymer coatings with doubled wear resistance, improved corrosion resistance and tailored friction properties.
 - Transparent coatings with improved wear and corrosion resistance, without impairment of optical properties
- USP's
 - High performance with very low Nanodiamond loadings, easy to use and implement to current production processes, cost efficient
 - Industrially applied
- IP
 - Both product line and key applications are IP protected

- 
- ◆ HQ in Finland, Helsinki Region
 - ◆ Established 2006
 - ◆ 10 employees
 - ◆ Sales on 4 continents

Carbodeon in Brief



Artwork: Nancy Farmer / www.nancyfarmer.gallery

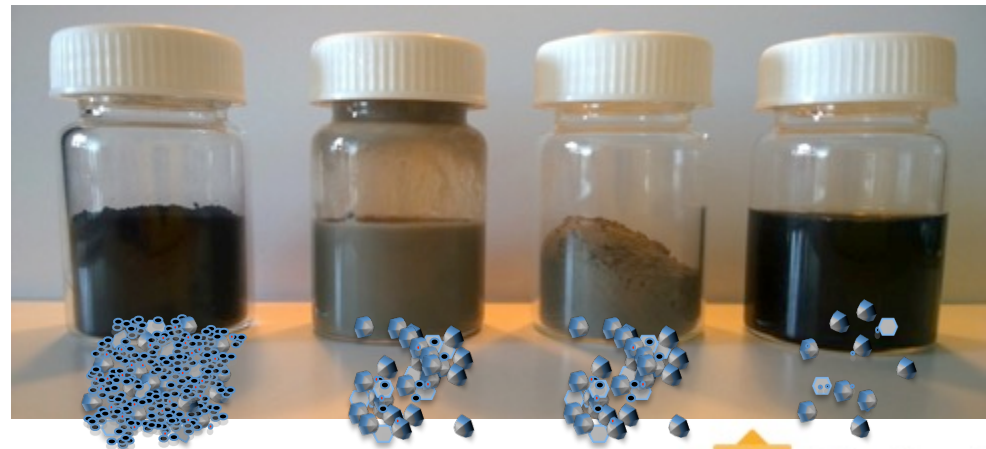
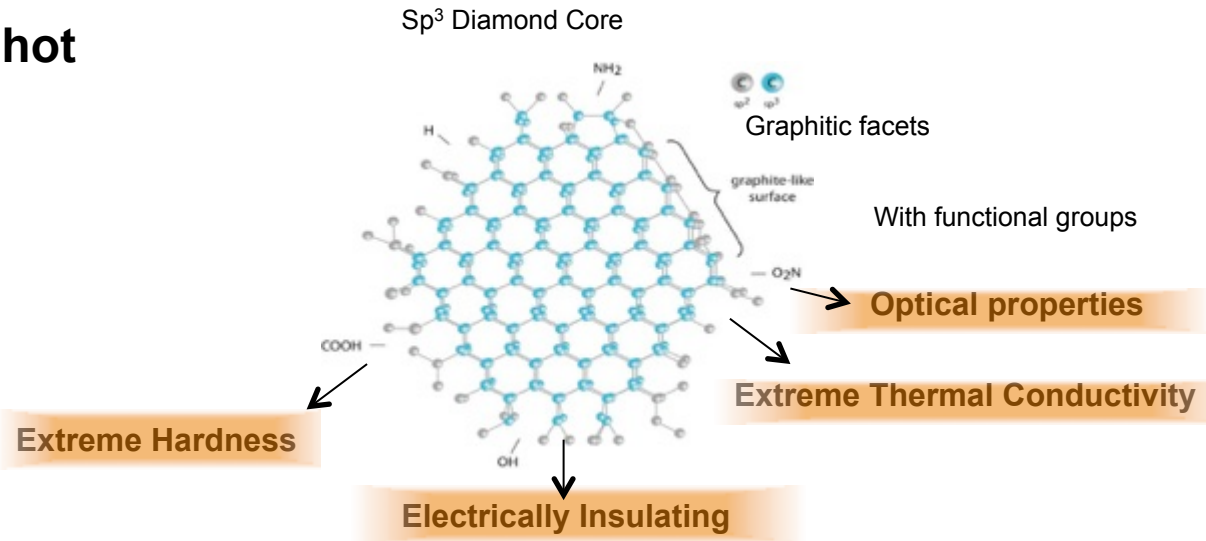


Superhard nanomaterials – where toughness really counts

Nanodiamond Material

Nanodiamonds - Snapshot

- ◆ Detonation produced 4-6 nm particles
- ◆ Base technology invented 1963 – not “getting there”
- ◆ Carbodeon disruptive technologies realizing the industrial potential
- ◆ Able to manufacture and utilize the primary particles
- ◆ “Less is More”



Application Dependent Surface Chemistry and Morphology

Powder grades	Surface	Zeta potential	Solid content**
Molto	Multi-functionalized	Slightly negative	100 wt.%
Vox P	Carboxylated	Highly negative	100 wt.%
Hydrogen P	Hydrogen terminated	Highly positive	100 wt.%
Amine P	Amine-functionalized	Highly positive	100 wt.%

Dispersion grades	Surface	Zeta potential	Solid content
<i>Vox D, in water</i>	Carboxylated	Highly negative	5 wt.%
<i>Vox D, in NMP</i>	Carboxylated	Highly negative	2 wt.%
<i>Vox D, in DMA</i>	Carboxylated	Highly negative	2 wt.%
<i>Hydrogen D, in water</i>	Hydrogen terminated	Highly positive	2.5 wt.%
<i>Hydrogen D, in ethyl glycol</i>	Hydrogen terminated	Highly positive	4 wt.%
<i>Hydrogen D, in GBL</i>	Hydrogen terminated	Highly positive	3 wt.%
<i>Hydrogen D, in NMP</i>	Hydrogen terminated	Highly positive	3 wt.%
<i>Hydrogen D, in NEP</i>	Hydrogen terminated	Highly positive	2 wt.%
<i>Hydrogen D, in DMA</i>	Hydrogen terminated	Highly positive	3 wt.%
<i>Amine D, in water</i>	Amine-functionalized	Highly positive	0.5 wt.%
<i>Amine D, in NMP</i>	Amine-functionalized	Highly positive	3.0 wt.%
<i>Amine D, in ethyl glycol</i>	Amine-functionalized	Highly positive	3.0 wt.%
<i>Amine D, in GBL</i>	Amine-functionalized	Highly positive	3.0 wt.%
<i>Amine D, in DMA</i>	Amine-functionalized	Highly positive	2.0 wt.%

Specialty Additive Grades	Surface	Zeta potential	Solid content
Plating Additive	Proprietary, in water	Highly positive	2 wt.%
Fluoropolymer coating additive	Proprietary, in GBL	Highly positive	0.5 wt.%



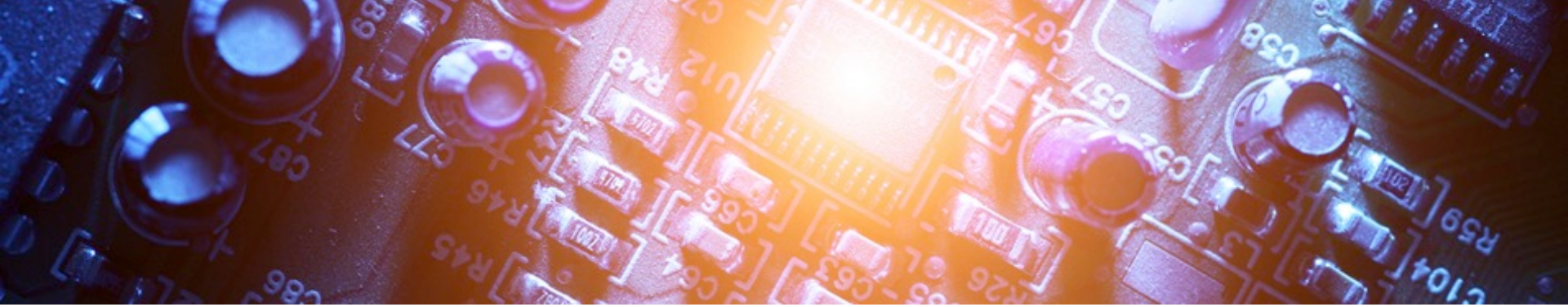
Intellectual Property

Carbodeon invested heavily in the **IP protection of its developments** over the entire supply chain

- The uDiamond® trademark is worldwide* registered
- The IPR are based upon a combination of 3 pillars: 1) Product 2) Production 3) Application

	Patent	Finland	PCT	EPO	USA	Japan	Korea	China	Russia	India
Products & production	Blend Purification method			P	P	P		P		
	Carboxylated SDND	G		P	P	P	P	P	P	
	Hydrogenated SDND	G		P	P	P	P	P	P	
	Amine SDND	G		P		P		P		
Applications	Thermoplastic ND containing thermal compounds	G		G	G	P	P	P		P
	Polymer ND containing thermal compounds	P			P	P				
	Mechanically enhanced Fluoro-polymer Coatings, 1 st application	G		P	G	P	P	P		
	Metal coating, with SDND's	P	X		P					
	Mechanically enhanced Fluoro-polymer Coatings, 2 nd application	P								

P = Pending / **P** = Pending (positive Official Action(Notice of Allowance
G = Granted



Nanodiamond Additives Within Polymer Materials for Thermal Management

Nanodiamond – Advanced Thermal Additive for Polymers



	Diamond	H-BN	Al ₂ O ₃	SiO ₂	AlN	ZnO
Thermal Properties						
Thermal conductivity, (W/m K)	2000	300+	30	1.4	260	54
Theoretical Density, g/cm ³	3.1-3.2	3.9	3.98	2.2	3.26	5.64
Electrical Properties						
Dielectric constant	3.4	3.9	9.7	3.8	8.8	9.8
Electrical Resistivity, Ω•cm	10 ¹³	10 ¹⁵	10 ¹⁴	10 ¹⁴	10 ¹⁴	10 ⁷
Surface properties, for coupling effect						
Chemical Functionalization	Yes	No	No	No	No	No

- ◆ Optimized control of interaction between the filler, resin and other fillers (when present)
 - Reduced thermal resistance
 - High wettability
- ◆ Isotropic filler, with size fitting between the polymer chains

Nanodiamond Thermal Management Milestones



◆ **Silicone based thermal interface materials**

- Nanodiamond+aluminium oxide filled silicone interface material in mass production for use in OEM consumer electronics devices **since 2012** . Carbodeon supplies nanodiamond and nanodiamond filler mixes mainly to formulators.

◆ **Thermally conductive thermoplastic materials**

- In house developments on PA and PP since 2012 – Nanodiamond + boron nitride, Nanodiamond + graphite filler combinations
- Production on the way - validated **since 2016** – consumer electronics devices – Carbodeon supplies nanodiamonds and nanodiamond filler mixes at various levels in the supply chain
- Patent granted on nanodiamond thermoplastic compounds **2015 WO 2014049212**

◆ **Epoxy materials**

- Customer validations **2017** in both coatings and thermal management applications for electronics – Carbodeon supplies nanodiamonds and nanodiamond filler mixes at various levels in the supply chain.

◆ **Nanodiamond containing thermal compounds**

- Patent granted **2017**, new invention encompassing both thermoplastic and thermoset materials **US 9598558**



Case Example: Nylon-66 Thermal Compounds



◆ **Materials:**

- PA-66: Zytel 135F
- Boron Nitride: ESK Boronid® thermal filler, 15 µm
- Nanodiamond: Carbodeon mono-functionalized ND's

◆ **Processing:**

- Compounding: Xplore15 micro-compounder
- Injection molding: Thermo-Haake Minijet, 25*25*3 mm mold

◆ **Thermal analyses:**

- Laser flash method (ISO 18755; LFA 447, Netzsch GmbH)



PA-66 Thermal Compound, 20 wt.% Overall Filler Loading



References:

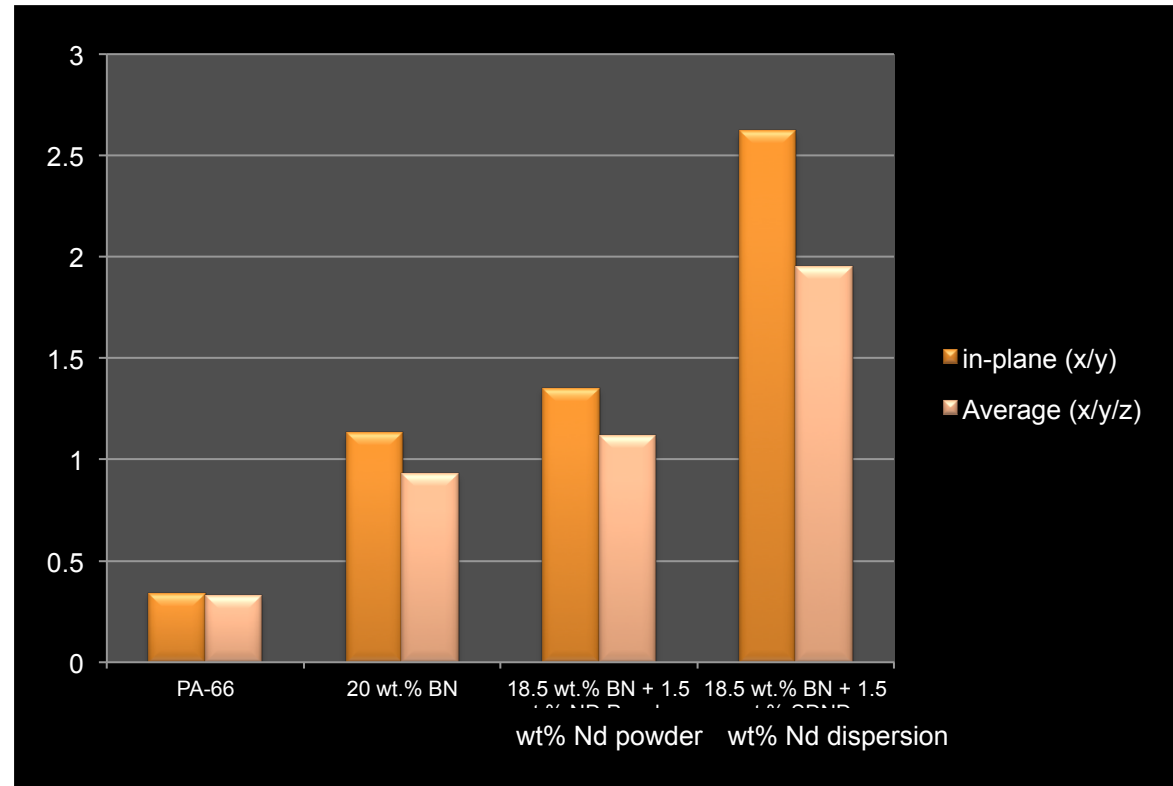
- Neat PA-66
- Compound with 20 wt.% BN loading

ND-containing compounds: 18.5 wt.% BN + 1.5 wt.% ND

Performance (W/m · K)

- Powder grade: > **22%** improvement in average thermal conductivity
- Dispersion grade:
 - **132%** improvement within in-plane thermal conductivity
 - **105%** improvement within average thermal conductivity

Highlights the importance of the preparation method



PA-66 Thermal Compound, 45 wt.% Overall Loading



References:

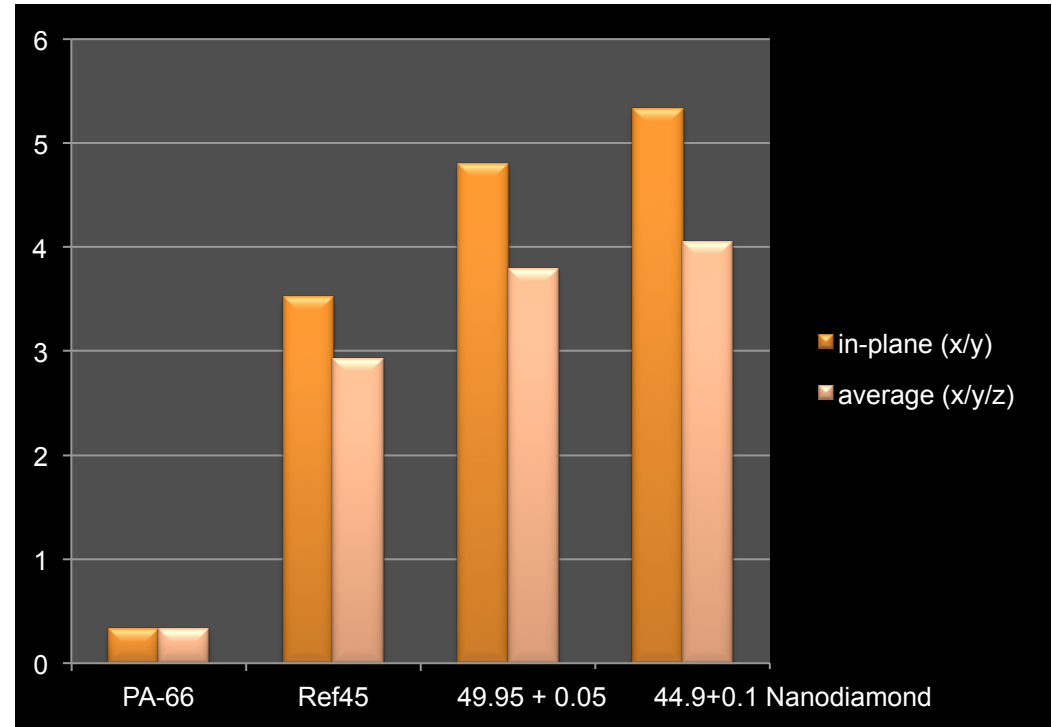
- neat PA-66
- compound with 45 wt.% BN loading

Processing:

- Carbodeon proprietary

Performance (W/m · K):

- 0.05 wt.%
 - **36.3%** improvement within in-plane thermal conductivity
 - **29.4%** improvement within average thermal conductivity
- 0.1 wt.%
 - **51.4%** improvement within in-plane thermal conductivity
 - **38.2%** improvement within average thermal conductivity



- **Works at very low nanodiamond concentrations**

PA-66 Electrically Conducting Thermal Compound, 50 wt.% Overall Loading



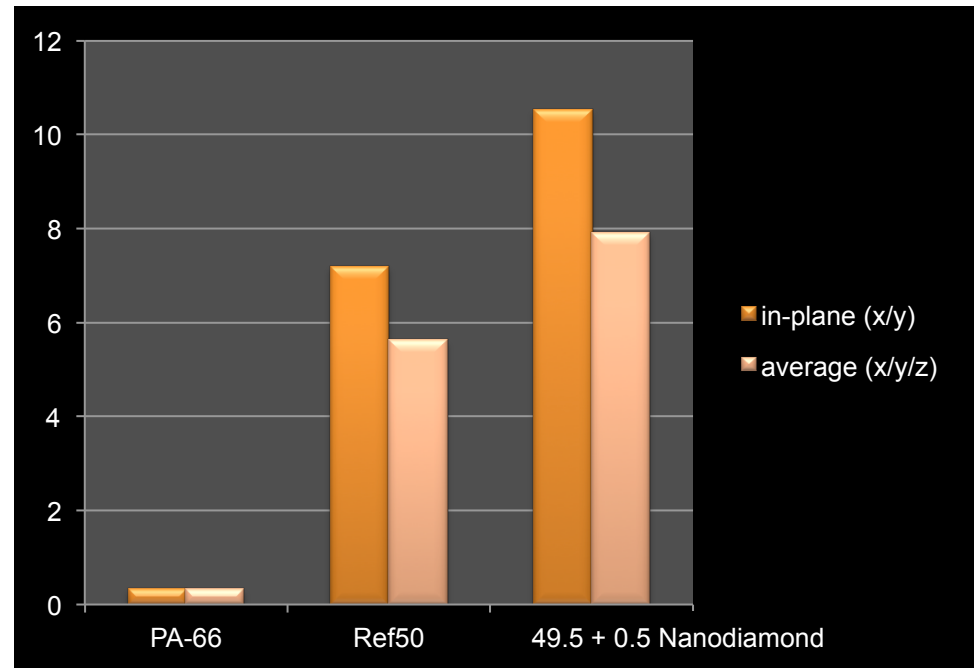
References:

- neat PA-66
- compound with 50 wt.% graphite loading
 - Graphite filler material, TIMCAL TIMREX® KS5-75TT Primary Synthetic Graphite

Performance:

- 0.5 wt.%
 - **46.3%** improvement within in-plane thermal conductivity
 - **40.7%** improvement within average thermal conductivity

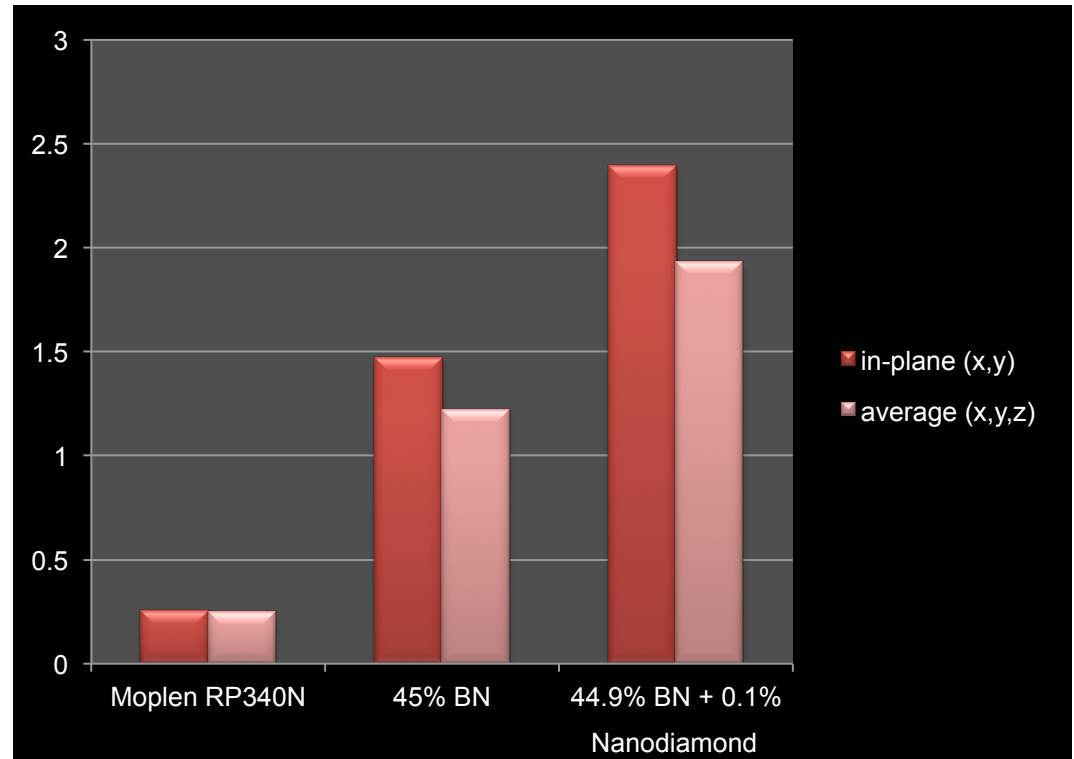
Works with a wide variety of filler materials



PP Electrically Insulating Thermal Compound



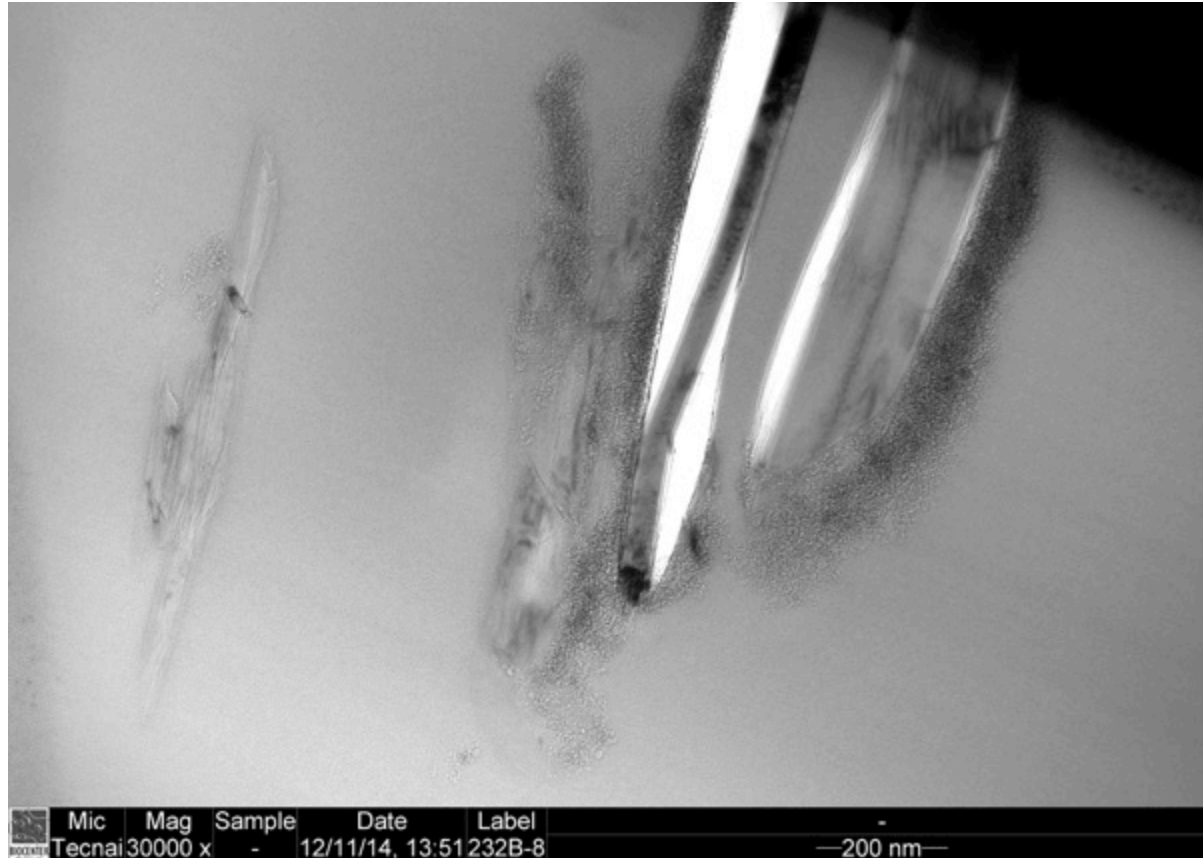
- ◆ 45 wt.% overall filler loading
- ◆ References:
 - neat PP; Moplen RP340N
 - compound with 45 wt.% BN loading
 - ESK Boronid® thermal filler, 15 μm
- ◆ Performance:
 - 0.1 wt.%
 - **63%** improvement within in-plane thermal conductivity
 - **58%** improvement within average thermal conductivity
- ◆ **Works with a wide variety of thermoplastic polymers**



Verifying the Coupling Concept



FIB-STEM on a ready PA-66/BN/ND compound



- ◆ Diamonds retain their adhesion to h-BN during compounding and injection molding

Ongoing Activities With NanoDiamond Combined Fillers

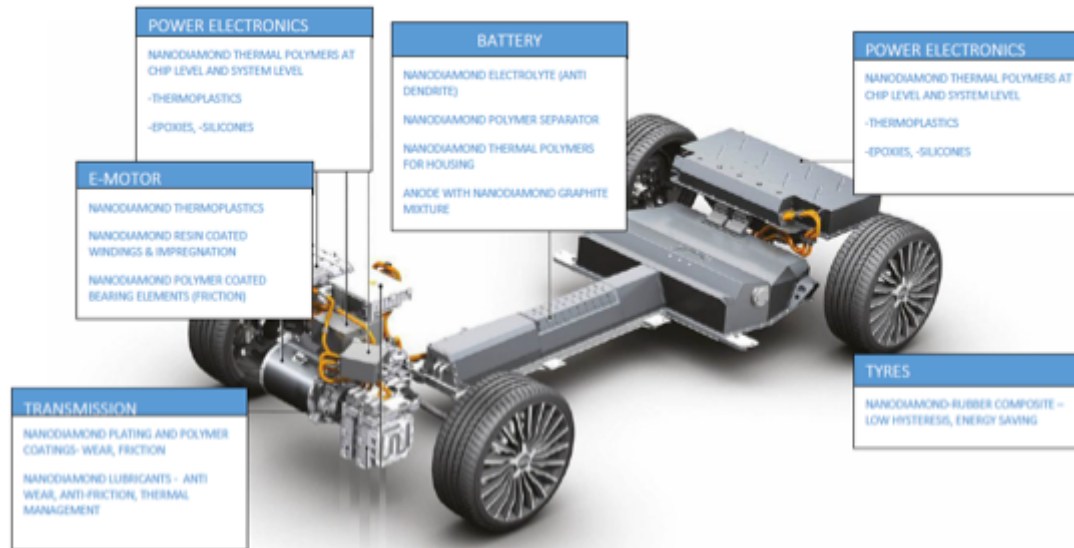


- ◆ Thermoplastics
 - Main application area is in electronics and LED applications.
- ◆ Thermosets
 - Main application has been in thermal interface materials to date, but materials such as coatings of wires for electrical coils/ machinery could be a viable application.
- ◆ In house filler mixes
 - So far, about 90% of the developments involve nanodiamond supply only, with in-house filler mixing (in sample form) accounting for around 10%, but there is growing interest in this.
 - Ready preparations of nanodiamond and boron nitride, aluminium oxide or other materials will be easier to disperse into customer polymers.
- ◆ Supply Chain
 - Attacking mainly at component/ system level, formulators include both Carbodeon preferred partners and customer's existing suppliers

Industry Targets



- ◆ Consumer Electronics
- ◆ High Powered LED
- ◆ E-Mobility (New Focus)
 - Power electronics at device and assembly level - vehicles and charging systems
 - Coatings and insulating pieces for electrical machine coils
 - Nanodiamond electrolytes to control dendrite growth in Lithium batteries
 - Low friction/ wear resistant materials and coatings in driveline



Nanodiamond USP within Polymer Thermal Management



- ◆ Technical performance
 - NanoDiamonds exhibit very high thermal conductivity and are electrically insulating
 - NanoDiamond surface functionalization allows efficient coupling to applied polymers and other thermal filler materials
 - Nanodiamond dispersions allow the improvements with very low nanodiamond concentrations
- ◆ Processing
 - Nanodiamonds can be applied within existing production processes & supply chains
- ◆ Cost
 - By using low concentrations, impact on material cost starts from approximately €1 per kg of the compounds. Most applications are in the range €2-10
- ◆ Commercial stage
 - NanoDiamonds are already applied in industrial solutions

Superhard nanomaterials – where toughness really counts



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